



DOCUMENTATION OF PREHOSPITAL CARE
EMSAC FEBRUARY 2026

EFFECTIVE DATE: xx/xx/xx

POLICY REFERENCE NO: 6050

SUPERSEDES: 10/1/20

1. PURPOSE

- 1.1.** To establish documentation standards for the purposes of medical record keeping and quality improvement practices.

2. DEFINITIONS

- 2.1. Patient Care Report (PCR):** is a legal document created by prehospital emergency care providers to record all aspects of a patient's medical care, from the initial dispatch to the handover at a medical facility.
- 2.2. California Emergency Medical Services Information System (CEMSIS):** State administered, centralized electronic system that collects and standardizes data on EMS incidents across California. CEMSIS integrates with NEMSIS.
- 2.3. National Emergency Medical Services Information System (NEMSIS):** National database and data standard for collecting, storing, and sharing emergency medical across the United States.

3. POLICY

3.1. Patient Care Documentation Standards

- 3.1.1.** An agency-approved CEMSIS/NEMSIS compliant Patient Care Report (PCR) shall be completed for all patient contacts (patient as defined in Policy #4040 Section 2.5).
- 3.1.2.** PCR's should be completed as soon as operationally possible but no later than end of shift, or within twenty-four (24) hours, whichever comes first.
- 3.1.3.** A copy (paper or electronic) will be provided to the receiving facility.
- 3.1.4.** For patients transported Code 3, providers should attempt to complete and transfer the PCR prior to departing the hospital, unless prevented due to technical issues or EMS system demand.
- 3.1.5.** For prehospital births, a separate PCR must be completed for the birthing parent and each newborn.
- 3.1.6.** The person primarily responsible for directing patient care on scene and during transport is responsible for completing the report.
- 3.1.7.** All procedures noted on the PCR shall be accompanied by the identification (state paramedic number) of the paramedic who performed the procedure.

4. NON-TRANSPORTING EMS PERSONNEL

- 4.1. Non-transporting Personnel (ALS or BLS) shall document findings, assessment, interventions, times, and other relevant patient care activity on an agency- approved first responder form (paper or electronic).
- 4.2. The form shall be made accessible to transporting providers and receiving facilities as soon as feasibly possible, or by end of shift, whichever comes first.
 - 4.2.1. Provider agencies shall retain a copy of the form in accordance with medical record regulations.
 - 4.2.2. Patient refusals completed by non-transporting providers shall be documented on a PCR, in accordance with Policy #4040.

5. DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS:**5.1. All data fields as mandatory or required by CEMSIS**

- 5.2. Providers shall make all effort to obtain, at minimum, the following information:

- 5.2.1. Initial Response Fields

- 5.2.1.1. Dispatch-generated Incident Response Number
- 5.2.1.2. The date and estimated time of incident
- 5.2.1.3. The time of receipt of the call
- 5.2.1.4. The time of dispatch to the scene
- 5.2.1.5. The time of arrival at the scene
- 5.2.1.6. The time of first medical contact by an EMS provider
- 5.2.1.7. The location of the incident

- 5.2.2. Patient Demographics and Care Fields

- 5.2.2.1. Name
- 5.2.2.2. Age
- 5.2.2.3. Self-reported gender
- 5.2.2.4. Self-reported race
- 5.2.2.5. Weight (mandatory for pediatrics, may be estimated or caregiver-reported)
- 5.2.2.6. Address
- 5.2.2.7. Primary Impression
- 5.2.2.8. Chief complaint
- 5.2.2.9. Vital signs (Intervals: 10-15 minutes if stable, 5 minutes if unstable)
- 5.2.2.10. Physical assessment
- 5.2.2.11. Any emergency care rendered and the patient's response to such treatment
- 5.2.2.12. Barriers to care (e.g. Language barrier, unsafe scene etc.)
- 5.2.2.13. Patient disposition

- 5.2.3. Transport and Transfer of Care Fields

- 5.2.3.1. The time of departure from scene
 - 5.2.3.2. The time of arrival at receiving facility (if transported)
 - 5.2.3.3. The time of patient care transfer to a receiving provider
 - 5.2.3.4. The name of receiving facility (if transported)
 - 5.2.3.5. The names of the transporting Paramedics and/or EMTs
 - 5.2.3.6. Signatures of the transporting Paramedics and/or EMTs
- 5.3. If a provider is unable to obtain the minimum required documentation listed above, the circumstances shall be documented in the narrative section of the PCR.
- 5.4. The PCR should include findings, interventions, and other information related to patient care that was performed or obtained by another provider prior to arrival.
- 5.5. All procedures noted on the PCR shall be accompanied by the identification (state paramedic number) of the paramedic who performed the procedure.
- 5.6. Providers shall document base contacts with Base Hospital Physicians in the PCR, including time of contact and physician name.

6. SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

- 6.1. Refer to the following policies for special documentation requirements:
- 6.1.1. Policy 4040 – Procedure and Documentation for Non-Transported Patients
 - 6.1.2. Policy 4044 – Scene Management, ~~Physician On Scene and Mass Gatherings~~
 - 6.1.3. Policy 4043 – EMS Use of Physical Restraints
 - 6.1.4. Policy 7010 – Emergency Medical Services at Special Events
 - 6.1.5. Policy 8000 – EMS MCI Policy

7. AUTHORITY

- 7.1. California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Sections 100170 & 100171

APPENDIX A: NOTABLE DATA ELEMENTS

The following references highlight important patient care information for specific cases to promote thorough documentation and enhance quality improvement practices and research.

1. Cardiac Arrest

- a) Accurate intervention and medication times
- b) Patient response to interventions
- c) ROSC or termination time
- d) AED/CPR prior to arrival, bystander or name of provider

2. Chest Pain/Acute Coronary Syndrome

- a) Time of Aspirin administration
- b) Detailed EKG findings
- c) ~~Room-air~~ Initial SpO2
- d) Time of symptom onset (in HH:MM format)
- e) Time of hospital notification for STEMI Alert

3. Stroke

- a) Cincinnati Prehospital Stroke Scale findings
- b) Blood glucose reading
- c) Time of symptom onset (in HH:MM format)
- d) Time last seen normal (in HH:MM format)
- e) Time of hospital notification for Stroke Alert

4. Advanced Airway

- a) Time of adjunct placement
- b) Reason for advanced airway placement
- c) ~~Room-air~~ Initial SpO2
- d) End tidal CO2 (waveform and ETCO2 number)
- e) Reconfirmation of adjunct placement after all patient movement

5. Severe Agitation and Use of Restraints

- a) Patient behavior that necessitated restraint usage
- b) Type of restraint or adjunct used
- c) Time restraint was applied
- d) Reassessment of patient condition every 5 minutes post-restraint
- e) Respiratory monitoring using end tidal CO2 (if chemical sedation performed)
- f) Blood glucose reading

6. Opiate Withdrawal

- a) Administration of naloxone/buprenorphine (route, dose, complications)
- b) Initial and secondary COWS

- c) Reason for non-enrollment (exclusion criteria)
- d) Reason if non-transport of enrolled patient

~~7. Near Drowning~~

- ~~a) Description of fluid (salt or fresh water, temperature, etc.)~~
- ~~b) Duration of submersion~~
- ~~c) Height of fall/mechanism of injury~~
- ~~d) Evidence of head/spinal trauma or other associated injuries~~
- ~~e) Neurological status~~
- ~~f) Respiratory findings~~