Regular Meeting of the Building Inspection Commission November 14, 2025

Agenda Item 7



State Legislation Update

Tate Hanna, Legislative Affairs Manager November 14, 2025

Assembly Bill 253 (Ward)

AB 253 allows an applicant, if DBI cannot provide plan review within 30 days, to employ a private professional provider to check plans and specifications for a residential building permit. That private provider will submit an affidavit to DBI declaring that the plans comply with all applicable state and local laws, and DBI must review and issue a permit or comments within 10 business days.

- Applies to residential-only, up to 10 units, 40 feet height maximum.
- Applies to new construction, remodels and additions.
- Private provider must be licensed engineer or architect who does not have a financial interest in the project.
- Sunsets by 1/1/30

Assembly Bill 671 (Wicks)

AB 671 allows an applicant for a **tenant improvement** relating to a **restaurant** to seek **private professional certification of plans**. Once an affidavit is submitted by the certifier claiming compliance with all state and local laws, DBI has 20 business days to approve the permit or issue comments.

- Professional certification applies to all applicable building, health and safety codes
- DBI must audit 20% of AB 671 permits each week
- Excludes "fast food restaurants" as defined by the Labor Code
- Only allows for changes to an interior of an existing building

Assembly Bill 628 (McKinnor)

AB 628 makes it mandatory for a dwelling unit to provide a stove and refrigerator in good working order.

- Excludes permanent supportive housing, SRO units, residential hotels, and dwelling units within housing facilities that offer shared or communal kitchen spaces for residents, including assisted living facilities.
- Allows a tenant to, through their lease, provide and maintain their own refrigerator, however, tenancy may not be conditioned upon the tenant providing their own refrigerator.

Assembly Bill 818 (Carrillo)

In circumstances in which a **residential property** has been **impacted by a disaster**, AB 818 requires local agencies **to review permits within 10 days** for a structure intended to be used until the rebuilding or repair of an affected property is complete.

- Applies to buildings that were destroyed or rendered substandard due to a disaster that resulted in a declared local emergency
- Eligible replacement buildings are modular or prefabricated homes, or an ADU detached from the affected property.
- Third-party inspections to determine the existing conditions of a building prior to submitting a permit to repair or rebuild are allowed.

Senate Bill 543 (McNerney)

SB 543 clarifies that existing **post-entitlement permitting timelines** applied to housing development projects also **applies to ADUs and Junior ADUs**.

- Completeness check must be done within 15 days of submittal.
- Once an application has been deemed complete, jurisdictions have 60 days to either issue the permit or issue revisions if there is an existing single-family dwelling on the lot.

Assembly Bill 920 (Caloza)

AB 920 requires local jurisdictions with a population of 150,000 or more to establish a **centralized online application portal for housing development projects**, no later than January 1, 2028. Jurisdictions under 150,000 residents must provide an application portal by January 1, 2030.

Major Provisions:

- The application portal must allow for an applicant to track the status of an application.

Senate Bill 489 (Arreguin)

SB 489 requires public agencies to post online the criteria used to determine completeness of an application for housing development projects.

- Applies to every type of approval that a public agency issues with regards to a housing development project.
- Criteria posted online must include the name of the approval.

Assembly Bill 1308 (Hoover)

AB 1308 required all cities and counties to **conduct an inspection** of permitted work **within 10 business days** of receiving notice of completed permitted work **for specified housing projects**.

- Applies to residential-only, up to 10 units, 40 feet height maximum.
- Applies to new construction and additions that result in new units.
- Makes violating this timeline a violation of the Housing Accountability Act, shifting the burden of proof onto the local jurisdiction.



THANK YOU